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- Cover** The walnut–fruit forests of Central Asia are of special scientific interest as they are the source of numerous domesticated tree species. In Tajikistan, the poorest country in Central Asia, the forest community contains 10 fruit and nut species, five of which are categorized as threatened. These species are harvested for fruits, nuts and firewood and play a vital role in the region's culture and livelihood security. In the forests of Dashtijum Nature Reserve in Tajikistan most households harvest at least one fruit or nut species, including the pistachio *Pistacia vera* (pictured), collect firewood and graze livestock, and people are aware of declines in availability of fruits, nuts and firewood and in the quality of grazing. Although conservation management by the government and NGOs is partly effective, there is a need for increased enforcement of grazing restrictions, to prevent further forest degradation. For further details, see pp. 443–450. (Photograph © Jessica Hyde/Shutterstock).